

Ch. 2 Practice Questions

- 1) The correct scientific notation for the number 0.00050210 is: 1) _____
A) 5.0210×10^{-4}
B) 5.021×10^4
C) 5.0210×10^4
D) 5.021×10^{-4}
E) none of the above
- 2) The correct scientific notation for the number 500.0 is: 2) _____
A) 5×10^2
B) 5.000×10^2
C) 5×10^{-2}
D) 5.00×10^2
E) none of the above
- 3) The correct number of significant figures in the number 0.027090 is: 3) _____
A) 5
B) 6
C) 7
D) ambiguous
E) none of the above
- 4) When the value 4.449 is rounded to two significant figures, the number should be reported as: 4) _____
A) 4.45
B) 4.4
C) 4.5
D) 4.44
E) none of the above
- 5) How many significant digits should be reported in the answer to the following calculation? 5) _____
 $(4.3 - 3.7) \times 12.3 =$
A) 1
B) 2
C) 3
D) 4
E) none of the above
- 6) Determine the answer to the following equation with correct number of significant figures: 6) _____
 $13.96 - 4.9102 + 71.5 =$ _____
A) 80.5
B) 80.55
C) 80.5498
D) 81
E) none of the above

- 7) Determine the answer to the following equation with correct number of significant figures: 7) _____
(4.123×0.12) + 24.2 = _____
A) 24.70
B) 24.695
C) 24.7
D) 25
E) none of the above
- 8) The correct prefix for the multiplier 1,000,000 is: 8) _____
A) nano.
B) micro.
C) milli.
D) mega.
E) none of the above
- 9) What is the base SI unit for mass? 9) _____
A) kilogram
B) pound
C) ton
D) gram
E) none of the above
- 10) The correct multiplier for the prefix micro is: 10) _____
A) 10^{-6}
B) 10^{-9}
C) 10^6
D) 10^3
E) none of the above
- 11) Which measurement below represents the heaviest mass? 11) _____
A) 1 Mg B) 1 dg C) 1 kg D) 1 mg E) 1 pg
- 12) Which of the following sets of units is NOT in the order of increasing size? 12) _____
A) cm < μm < km
B) ns < ms < s
C) μg < g < kg
D) mL < dL < L
E) μmol < mmol < mol
- 13) An American nickel five cent coin has a mass of approximately 5 grams. Five grams is equivalent to which term? 13) _____
A) 5000 micrograms
B) 5000 kilograms
C) 5000 milligrams
D) 50 centigrams
E) none of the above

- 14) How many inches are in 25.8 cm? 14) _____
A) 0.0984
B) 28.3
C) 0.10
D) 10.2
E) none of the above
- 15) How many grams are in $1.48 \times 10^7 \mu\text{g}$? 15) _____
A) 1.48
B) 1.48×10^{13}
C) 14.8
D) 1.48×10^3
E) none of the above
- 16) How many microliters are in 41.0 mL? 16) _____
A) 4.10×10^4
B) 4.1×10^{10}
C) 0.041
D) 4.1×10^3
E) none of the above
- 17) How many low dose 81 mg aspirin tablets can be made from 1.21 kg of aspirin? 17) _____
A) 1.21×10^3 tablets
B) 1.5×10^5 tablets
C) 1.21×10^4 tablets
D) 1.5×10^3 tablets
E) 1.5×10^4 tablets
- 18) A 12-oz can of soda pop costs eighty-nine cents. A 2.00 L bottle of the same variety of soda pop costs \$2.29. How many times more expensive it is to buy the 12-oz can of pop compared to buying it in a 2.00 L bottle? (1.00 L = 1.057 quart and 1 quart contains 32 oz) 18) _____
A) 4.2 B) 2.2 C) 2.6 D) 1.9 E) 2.8
- 19) Given the density of Au is 19.3 g/cm^3 , determine the mass of gold (in grams) in an ingot with the dimensions of 10.0 in \times 4.00 in \times 3.00 in. 19) _____
A) 3.80×10^4
B) 2.32×10^3
C) 0.161
D) 102
E) none of the above
- 20) What is the density (g/mL) of an object that has a mass of 14.01 grams and, when placed into a graduated cylinder, causes the water level to rise from 25.2 mL to 33.6 mL? 20) _____
A) 1.7
B) 0.60
C) 2.4
D) 1.8
E) none of the above

- 21) A lead ball has a mass of 55.0 grams and a density of 11.4 g/cm^3 . What is the volume of the ball? 21) _____
- A) 4.82 mL
 - B) 4.82 L
 - C) 0.207 mL
 - D) 0.207 L
 - E) none of the above

- 22) The Olympic Games shot put field event uses a 16 pound (lb) shot. Identify the correct solution map to convert from pounds to kilograms using prefix multipliers and the given conversions of $16 \text{ oz} = 1 \text{ lb}$ and $453.6 \text{ g} = 16 \text{ oz}$. 22) _____

A) $16 \text{ lb} \times \frac{16 \text{ oz}}{1 \text{ lb}} \times \frac{453.6 \text{ g}}{16 \text{ oz}} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{10^3 \text{ g}}$

B) $16 \text{ lb} \times \frac{16 \text{ oz}}{1 \text{ lb}} \times \frac{453.6 \text{ g}}{16 \text{ oz}} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ kg}}{1 \text{ g}}$

C) $16 \text{ lb} \times \frac{1 \text{ lb}}{16 \text{ oz}} \times \frac{16 \text{ oz}}{453.6 \text{ g}} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ kg}}$

D) $16 \text{ lb} \times \frac{1 \text{ oz}}{16 \text{ lb}} \times \frac{453.6 \text{ g}}{16 \text{ oz}} \times \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{10^3 \text{ g}}$

Answer Key

Testname: PRACTICEQ_CH02

- 1) A
- 2) B
- 3) A
- 4) B
- 5) A
- 6) A
- 7) C
- 8) D
- 9) A
- 10) A
- 11) A
- 12) A
- 13) C
- 14) D
- 15) C
- 16) A
- 17) E
- 18) B
- 19) A
- 20) A
- 21) A
- 22) A